# actalliance

### **Rapid Response Fund**

#### **ACT Secretariat Approval**

Project Code20/2022Project NameEmergency Response to Batken Border Clashes Response

The ACT Secretariat has approved the use of **USD124,866** from its Global Rapid Response Fund (GRRF22) and would be grateful to receive contributions to wholly or partially replenish this payment.

#### For further information please contact:

National Forum Convenor ACT Regional Representative ACT Humanitarian Programme Officer

Dragana Levicanin (dragana.levicanin@actalliance.org)

**Cyra Michelle Bullecer** Global Humanitarian Operations Manager ACT Alliance Secretariat

### **actalliance** Rapid Response Fund

### **Project Proposal**

#### Emergency Prepared and Response Plan

EPRP last updated	Dec-22
Do you have a Contingency Plan for this response?	Yes
EPRP link on the online platform (or attach hard copy with proposal)	http://www.actalliancehm.

Please submit this form to the Regional Humanitarian Programme Officer in your region with a copy to the Regional Representative Date submitted to ACT Secretariat

25-Nov-22

S	ection 1 F	Project Data			
Project Information					
Project Name	Emergency Response to Batken Border Clashes Response				
Project Code	19/2022				
Country Forum	Europe				
ACT Requesting Member (if there are more than one member, please use ALT+ <enter> to add another member)</enter>	Hungarian Interchurch Aid (HIA) and local implementing partner Insan Leilek Public Foundation				
Name of person leading the project	Luca Szabó				
Job Title	Project Manag	er			
Email	luca.szabo@hia	<u>a.hu</u>			
Tel no./Whatsapp/Skype	Tel: + 3670666	3698; Whatsapp: +251 98 49	90 8169		
Location(s) of project (city / province)	Batken provinc	e, Leilek district and Batken	district of Kyrgyzstan		
Project start date (dd/mm/yyyy)	01.12.2022				
Project end date (dd/mm/yyyy)	31.03.2022				
Which sectors your response activities m (please indicate number of planned beneficiaries pe		ach sector where you plan to giv	e assistance)		
Sectors		Member Hungarian Interchurch Aid (HIA)			
		Male	Female		
Cash/ Vouchers					
Camp Management					
Education					
Food/Nutrition					
Health					
Household items	600 600		600		
Livelihood					
Psychosocial		750	750		
Shelter					
Wash					

#### Section 2 Project Description

#### 2.1 Context

### **1.** CHS Commitment **1.** Summarize the crisis event and how it is likely to develop over the duration of **the project** (maximum 5 bullet points)

At this moment Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan has signed peace memorandum. In mid-october Kyrgyz delegation visited in Dushanbe, Tajikistan to discuss further delimitation and demarcation process. Two sides plan to revise archive documents and maps from the Soviet time. Recently, the Defence Minister of Kyrgyzstan declared that Kyrgyzstan will not give up even 1 cm of its land, but ready to resolve the issue peacefully, unless the sovereignty and inviolability of borders are kept. It is observed that both sides are upgrading their military capacities. The situation is tense, and risk of future conflicts is high.

### 2. CHS Commitment 1,2,3,4. Explain the impact of the crisis specific to the people you want to help (maximum 5 bullet points)

444 families (2 324 people) became displaced as a result of the violent conflict due to destruction of their homes. These people were not able to pick their belongings, even passports, while evacuating. They lost completely everything, even clothing, dishes, documents, etc.

Over 4000 children of affected communities are skipping schools due to destruction of schools and kindergartens. More than 150 000 people have difficulties to make ends meet due to loss of livelihoods (burnt crops, stolen domestic animals).

More than 150 000 people received emotional stress due to bloody conflict, as per recent official data 63 people were violently killed during the conflict. Some of the families lost more than 1 family members. 2 children died and 12 injured due to shelling. Soon winter is coming. Already, on 19th of October it snowed in Batken before the harsh winter season majority of IDPs are living in field conditions in tents and yurts provided by the Ministry of emergency, while some of them living in schools and kindergartens.

### **3. CHS Commitment 9. Explain the availability of funding each of your organisation can access for this crisis.** (maximum 3 bullet points)

Unfortunately, there is not a lot of humanitarian response comparing to last years` crisis, even though, recent crisis affected much more people and is more devastating. Therefore, local Partner Organization of HIA after conducting needs assessment and focus-groups with affected families, decided to provide emergency response that will help displaced families successfully survive cold harsh winter.

It is seen that the government plans to build homes for the displaced in 3 months, but they did not start the construction process today, by 20th of October. It is less likely their homes will be ready to live in by December 2022.

The UN working group has been activated. World Food Porgram UN has allocated 400 metric tonns of wheat flour. It is being distributed with the support of the Ministry of Emergency situations. HIA's local partner as an implementing partner monitors the distribution process. From Sept 16th, in constant cooperation and coordination with authorities and other partners, our local partner immediately started to provide humanitarian assistance for IDPs and victims of the conflict by providing food assistance and hygiene products. At this moment, the whole country is mobilized to support the Batken province, but it is not sufficiant to cover the needs. HIA reached out to its donor Hungary Helps who supported last years rapid response project in the country, but unfortunately they could not provide support to this emergency as they already allocated their budget.

#### 2.2 Activity Summary

**1. CHS Commitment 1, 2, 4. Explain your proposed project and why you have selected this particular response to the crisis.** *If multiple members are responding, please explain the role of each member in the coordinated response as indicated in your EPRP Contingency Plan.* 

Last year on April 28, 2021 when clashes on the Kyrgyz-Tajik border also took a serious turn, HIA implemented successfully a rapid response program with the support of Hungary Helps Program and through our local partner. In total we reached 300 families with necessary NFIs, e.g. household hygiene and cleanliness packages containing health and hygiene care for women and children, as well as clothing, (underwear, socks, T-shirts, shorts, towels) and tools for collecting clean drinking water. In addition, 60 parents and 40 children received PSS to help them cope with the stress caused by the conflict. Total budget was 35,000 USD.

Our kyrgyz local partner has reached out to us now regarding how the humanitarian situation is getting worse and worse on the field. HIA, together with its partner with the support of ACT RRF will deliver necessary NFI items: winter kits for 200 families (more than 1000 people). The winter kit will include: heaters, blankets, thermos, winter clothing, teapots, socks, underwear, sleeping bags, cooking stove, flashlights, power banks, etc. These items are essential to keep warm during winter in tents and yurts. Also, they can be located in new homes, when they are finished and keep the family warm.

Also, the project plans to conduct Trainings for social workers from the affected communities on provision of psychosocial support (PSS) for the victims of violent conflicts. After the training, trained social workers will provide therapy sessions for more than 1500 people to help manage their stress, thus preventing mental disorders.

**2. CHS Commitment 2. Explain how you will start your activities promptly.** *Project implementation should start within two weeks. The project should be a maximum of 6 months.* 

The project duration is 4 months. After approval of the project IPs will inmediately start the beneficiary selection process and determine who will receive the aid together with the local municipalities of affected villages and Ministry of Emergency.

It is planned to finalize procurement of the aid items within 1 month after project approval and deliver to distribution point till 10th of December. Over 20 volunteers will be involved in distribution of the aid.

ToT for social workers will be conducted till by 20th of December.

Social workers will start to provide psychological therapy session for the victims of the violent conflict and displaced people by end of January 2023.

The last month of the project February we plan to finalise all reporting procedures.

**3. CHS Commitment 6. How are you co-ordinating and with whom?** Coordination ensures complementarity of interventions within forum members and other humanitarian actors to maximise the use of our resources and will address all unmet needs

HIA's local partner is cooperating with the World Food Program and the Ministry of Emergency situations of Kyrgyzstan to deliver 400 metric tons of wheat flour for beneficiaries living in bordering Kyrgyz villages that were affected by the conflict.

In addition, UNFPA and Red Cross Society in Kyrgyzstan are providing WASH items for victims in partnership with Ministry of Emergency situations.

The Government organized a humanitarian aid drive in Bishkek and other provinces. Over 700 metric ton of food was collected and delivered to the Ministry of Emergency storages in Batken province. Ministry of emergency situations together with the local government is distributing these collected food to people in limited amount, so it is enough for longer period.

Unfortunately, psychosocial support by the state institutions were not large scale and covered only few affected communities. Civil Society organizations have not been involved in provision of psychosocial support yet.

Last year, during the April conflict many organizations provided psychological sessions for the victims, but they left afterwards. There is no institutional memory. Therefore, our proposal is to organize ToT for local social workers from affected villages, so they continue provide psychosocial support on ongoing basis.

Emergency medical team from Bishkek hospitals have already arrived to provide health services for the affected communities. Local health care workers also joined the effort and the Ministry of Health enrolled mobile health centres at affected villages, as local community healthcare facilities were burnt down. In addition, MSF (Medecines Sans Frontiers) joined the efforts to provide free of charge medical assistance for the victims. HIA ensures complementarity of its interventions with actors working in the response.

4. CHS Commitment 3, 9. How are you planning to procure your goods or services? (This includes cash transfer methodolgies) Please tick boxes that apply. Goods and services procured locally supports and revitalises

within the affected areas	x	Nationally	х	Regionally or neighbouring countries		Internationally	
Do you have a pr	ocurement poli	cy? What factors d	lid you consider	r when you made t	his decision?		
Yes, HIA has a I	Procurement F	Policy. Will follow	its procurem	ent procedures f	or emergency s	ituations in ord	ler to do a
transparent pro	ocurement of	aid items but also	o deliver it qui	ckly to the peop	le on need.		
2.3 Descripti	on of Targe	t Population					
1. CHS Comr	nitment 1, 9	. How do you c	alculate the	beneficiary n	umbers for th	is project? Fo	or example, food
		milies, and 1 family				• •	, ,
Winter kits (He	aters. blanket	s, electric stoves,	teapots, ther	mos) and clothir	ng kits (winter co	oats. socks. und	lerwear.
•	-	given to 200 fami			•		-
-		season of Batke		,			,
		Γ on provision of	-	support for the v	ictims of violent	t conflict. Each	social worker
	-	hological consult					
•		port to prevent m			• •		
			entar nearth p				
		, 3, 4. Which v	ulnerable gr	oups are you	specifically ta	rgeting? What	at makes
them vulnera	ble? Please e	xplain.					
HIA's project w	ill target 200 f	families out of 42	7, whose hou	ses were comple	tely destroyed,	they belonging	s such as
clothing, kitche	n supplies, fu	rniture cannot be	restored. The	ey have nowhere	to stay in winte	er. As schools a	nd
kindergartens l	nave to start e	ducational proce	ss, they canno	ot stay there for	longer period. T	herefore, many	of them wer
moved to tents	and yurts pro	vided by Ministry	y of Emergend	cy. Unfortunately	, these tents are	e not adapted f	or harsh cold
winters.							
The Governme	nt took a resp	onsibility to finisl	n construction	of new homes f	or the victims b	y 15th of Decer	nber. But, the
government wi	ll not provide	other necessities	such as cloth	ing, carpets, blai	nkets, winter sh	oes, furniture, o	dishes, etc.
Without these	items, one ca	nnot live even in	new home. In	addition, on 19	h of October it	already snowed	d. So, these
families are in	urgent need to	o make the living	in tents more	humane and pre	epared for harsh	winter. We pla	an to provide
all necessary it	ems to keep th	hese 200 families					in to promac
			warm: heater	rs, blankets, ther	mos, winter clo	•	•
·····,··			warm: heater	rs, blankets, ther	mos, winter clo	•	•
			warm: heater	rs, blankets, ther	mos, winter clo	•	•
		Explain how the				thing, teapots e	etc.
3. CHS Comr	nitment 4. E	Explain how the	e target pop			thing, teapots e	etc.
3. CHS Comr proposed int	nitment 4. E ervention (m	aximum 5 bullet poi	e target pop	ulation has be	en/is involved	thing, teapots o	n of the
3. CHS Comr proposed int HIA's local part	nitment 4. E ervention (m	a <u>ximum 5 bullet poi</u> ncted 4 focus grou	e target pop (nts) up discussion v	ulation has be with the victims	en/is involved	thing, teapots of <b>d in the desig</b> lages to assess	n of the
3. CHS Comr proposed int HIA's local part gaps in humani	nitment 4. E ervention (m ner has condu tarian assistar	naximum 5 bullet point noted 4 focus grou	e target pop ints) up discussion v focus group c	ulation has be with the victims	en/is involved	thing, teapots of <b>d in the desig</b> lages to assess	n of the
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3. CHS Comr proposed int HIA's local part gaps in humani issues which pr • When delimit • Worries abou houses to be bu plastic panels t winter comes i • Local residen restlessness, in	nitment 4. E ervention (m ner has condu tarian assistar imarily influer ation and den it how to survi uilt by the gov hat were not e n? Will they be ts have shared somnia, musc	aximum 5 bullet point incted 4 focus group ince. During these inced project designarcation process ive the winter: as ernment. Last ye energy efficient, as e able to live in te d their feelings, su	e target pop ints) up discussion of focus group of gn: s will be finalize most of them ar over 50 hou and could not ents? uch as: Fear of ors and hypere	ulation has be with the victims discussions peop zed so such conf n lost everything uses were newly keep the warmt f returning to the excitability, Incre	en/is involved in 4 affected vill le were first of a icts finally stop Many of them built for the vic h. And, will they e scene, dreams ased irritability,	thing, teapots of d in the desig lages to assess all worried about happening agai doubt about th tims, but they w be built on time and nightmare loneliness, dep	etc. n of the needs and ut following in and again? e quality of were from the ne, until harsh es, anxiety, pression,

**1. What will this project's success look like based on your time frame?** Please write your activities milestones including dates.

Expected outcome is that by 10th of December 2022, 200 families receive winter kits and necessary clothing and successfully survive harsh winter in Batken without health problems.

By 30th of January 2023, over 1500 affected people receive required psychosocial support that will prevent mental health problems due to severe stress, depression and PTSD caused by violent armed conflict.

#### 2. Describe the risks to a successful project and how you are managing them.

Potential risks	Importance	Actions				
A new round of armed conflicts in border communities	High	Follow all security measures, temporarily suspend project activities while conflict, maybe revise project objectives with the approval of HIA, for example to provide aid as the needs of displaced change. Cooperate with Ministry of Emergency response to deliver humanitarian aid.				
New wave of covid-19	High	Hold events in compliance with all sanitary and hygienic requirements				
Changing political situation	Medium	Finding consensus with local and state organizations				

#### 2.5 Monitoring, Accountability & Learning

1. CHS Commitment 7. Describe how you will monitor the project. What monitoring tools and process will you use? How will you gather lessons from the project?

Within the framework of the project, a joint Monitoring and Evaluation Group of the project, consisting of 5 people, will be created. The composition will include representatives of local authorities, civil society and representatives of affected communities by violent conflict. The monitoring team will have a clear plan of monitoring activities. Monitoring will consist of questionnaires of project participants, focus groups with project beneficiaries, visits and participation at project events, photo reports, feedback questionnaires. There will be installed "Box for suggestions and consideration of complaints" at the office. The Monitoring Group will monitor the implementation of the project by conducting targeted random impact assessments to ensure maximum benefit from all activities. The MEG will be responsible for self-coordinating the measurement of indicators in accordance with the project to determine the broader impact of the project. HIA will apply the project management tool, linking program objectives, activities, product indicators, time frames and budget on a two-week basis.

The Monitoring Group will conduct the expected initial assessment and final impact assessment. They will combine quantitative and qualitative data collection methods to assess outcomes. The initial assessment is adapted for the target communities and takes into account the specific requirements for the activities of this project. Productivity, efficiency, adequacy and sustainability of activities will be taken into account as criteria for impact assessment. The "Most Significant Change" (MSC) assessment methodology will be used. Detailed and comprehensive initial assessment and final impact assessment reports will be made available to all stakeholders.

**2.** CHS Commitment 8. Does your organisation have a Code of Conduct? Have all staff and volunteers signed the Code of Conduct? We may ask you to submit copies of the signed Code of Conduct. You can use ACT Alliance's Code of Conduct if your organisation does not have one.

Both HIA and its local partner Insan-Leilek has a Code of Conduct, signed by all staff and volunteers.

### 3. How will you ensure you and all stakeholders will be accountable to the affected population. How will you share information. Hw will you collect and use feedback and complaints? CHS 4 and 5

Created monitoring and evaluation group that consists of local authorities, civil society and representatives of affected communities by violent conflict will ensure targeted and timely distribuion of humanitarian aid. MEG will provide initial assessment and impact assessment through surveys, focus-group discussions, random visits, where beneficiaries can address their concerns. All complants and feedbacks will be assessed by the porject team and proper actional as per organizational codes will be underatken. All information and documents will be filed in Project Documentation. Their data will be incorporated in narrative reports. Post distribution monitoring surveys (5% margin of error/statistical sample) and endline survey (5% margin of error/statistical sample). Distribution lists. Digital data collection tools will be utilised as far as possible, with data protection measures built in (this also depends on access to supported households). Data will be disaggregated by sex, age and disability.

## actalliance **Rapid Response Fund**

#### **Financial Budget and Report**

19/2022

**Project Code Project Name** 

80.631433

**Emergency Response to Batken Border Clashes Response** 

Budget Exchange rate (1 USD to local currency) ne rate from this sit **D**/ waha

Description	Type of Unit No. of Units		Unit Cost	Budget	
Decomption			local currency	KGS	USD
RECT COSTS					
1 PROJECT STAFF					
.2.1. Project coordinator	month	4	40,000	160,000	1,98
DTAL PROJECT STAFF				160,000	1,98
2 PROJECT ACTIVITIES					
.1. Cash/Vouchers				-	-
.2. Camp Management				-	-
.3. Education				-	-
.4. Food/Nutrition				-	-
5. Health				-	-
6. Household items				7,410,000	91,9
6.1. electric heater	pcs	200	7,800	1,560,000	19,3
6.2. electric stove for cooking	pcs	200	4,100	820,000	10,1
.6.3. electric teapot	pcs	200	4,300	860,000	10,6
6.4. thermos	pcs	200	1,500	300,000	3,7
6.5. backpack	pcs	300	2,000	600,000	7,4
6.6. plaid		200	1,200	240,000	2,9
6.7. winter coat	pcs pcs	300	2,600	780,000	9,6
6.9. winter shoes		300	3,800	1,140,000	9,0 14,1
6.10 socks	pcs	400	100	40,000	14,
6.10 socks 6.11 underwear	pcs	400 400	450	180,000	2,2
	pcs				
6.12 flashlights	pcs	200 200	1,200	240,000	2,9
6.13 powerbank 7. Livelihood	pcs	200	3,250	650,000	8,0
7. Livelihood Psychosocial (Training for 30 social workers				-	
of border villages on providing psychosocial					
8. assistance to affected families) 2 days				142,500	1,7
Trainers' fee of professional psychologists		I		,	.,.
8.1. from Bishkek	person	2	22,000	44,000	5
Transportation costs for trainers from					
8.2. Bishkek	person	2	10,000	20,000	2
Accommodation and per diems for trainers (2					
8.3. person)	day	3	2,000	6,000	
8.4. Hall rental	day	2	10,000	20,000	2
8.5. Lunch and coffee break for participants	person	60	550	33,000	4
8.6. Travel costs for participants	person	30	500	15,000	1
8.7. Handout for participants	person	30	150	4,500	
8. Shelter				-	
10 WASH				-	
TAL PROJECT ACTIVITIES				7,552,500	93,6

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION Coordination 680,000 3.1 8,433 3.1.1 Coordination meetings (including inception, etc) --3.1.2 Travel and Accommodation (HIA) month 170,000 680,000 8,433 4 3.1.3 External coordination --

•						
Percentage of Indirect Costs against Total Budget					5%	5
	OTAL INDIRECT COST: PERSONNEL, AD	MIN. & SUPPO	ORT		538,000	6,67
	Bank fees - Bank transfer charges Office Operations				30,000	- 37:
	Phone and internet charges	month	4	3,200	12,800	15
	Office Insurance				-	-
	Office stationery	month	4	4,300	17,200	21
	Office Utilities				-	-
(	Office rent				-	-
S	Staff salaries - Cost shared				508,000	6,30
	Translations		-+	2,000	-	-
	Bank cost	month	4	2,000	8,000	-
	Staff Insurance	monun	4	40,000	100,000	1,98
	Salaries (HIA project manager partial salary) Salaries (HIA financial officer partial salary)	month month	4	50,000 40,000	200,000	2,48
	Salaries for accountant	month	4	35,000	140,000	1,73
	T COSTS: PERSONNEL, ADMINISTRATIO			07.000		
			_			
OTAL D	DIRECT COST				9,530,160	118,19
	OGISTICS				172,660	2,14
	Salaries / wages for drivers	month	3	24,000	72,000	89
	Salaries / wages for labourers				-	-
	Salaries for Logistician/Procurement Officer	month	2	25,000	50,000	62
	Wales for Security/ Guards				_	-
	Warehouse rental		740		-	-
	Fuel	liter	745	68	50,660	- 62
	Vehicle Rental					
	OGISTICS					-
OTAL C	QUALITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY				965,000	11,96
	Audit (HIA)	programme	1	400,000	400,000	4,96
	Monitoring & evaluation (HIA)	programme	1	165,000	165,000	2,04
	Communication and visibility	month	4	100,000	400,000	4,96
	Safeguarding				-	-
4.2 (	Complaints and Response Mechanisms				-	-
4.1 <i>A</i>	Assessments				-	-
4 Q	QUALITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY					
OTAL F	PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION				680,000	8,43
	Faith communities				-	-
	Target beneficiaries				-	-
	Local partners/national members				-	-
	Capacity Development Trainings					-