

actalliance





PROGRAMME TITLE: EA20.2024 SUDAN ACT/CI Integrated Humanitarian Response to IDPs, Refugees, and Host Communities in Sudan **Duration: 12 Months**

Please complete the logical framework following the example provided. The objectives, results, and activities included in the LF have to be the same as the ones in the CI RR/EA proposal.

	INTERVENTION LOGIC	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLEINDICATORS	SOURCES OF VERIFICATION	RISKS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Overall Objective (IMPACT)	Crisis affected Internally Displaced Persons, host communities and Refugees in North Darfur, Gedaref, White Nile, North Kordofan, River Nile, and Khartoum have access to multisectoral humanitarian response through the provision of WASH, GBV, and multi-purpose cash assistance services that improve their health, well-being, and dignity and to save their lives.			
Specific Objective (OUTCOME)	Outcome 1: Crisis affected IDPS, and refugees have access to multipurpose cash assistance (MPCA) to address the multidimensional needs of conflict-affected households in North Darfur, North Kordofan, River Nile, Khartoum and White Nile States	# of IDPs and Refugee HHs reached with MPCA services Target: 2,000 IDP HHs and 1,195 Refugee HHs	Post-distribution Monitoring, Beneficiary Identification list, Distribution lists.	Risk: Conflict and political instability may escalate, making the operation difficult. Assumption: Access will continue to be allowed to the target areas, and the good working relationship with the government and humanitarian actors will continue to enable better response and coordination. It is also assumed that the supply of goods to the market remains functioning, if not stable.
	Output 1.1 MPCA is provided to 3,195 HHS IDPs and Refugees in North Darfur, North Kordofan,	# of HHs reached with MPCA services Target: 2,000 IDP HHs and 1,195	Post-distribution Monitoring, Beneficiary Identification list, Distribution lists.	Risk: Conflict and political instability may escalate, making the operation difficult.

	River Nile, Khartoum and White Nile States	Refugee HHs		Assumption: Access will continue to be allowed to the target areas, and the good working relationship with the government and humanitarian actors will continue to enable better response and coordination. It is also assumed that the supply of goods to the market remains functioning, if not stable.
	Outcome 2: Communities affected by the crisis demonstrate and have increased access to improved equitable, safe, inclusive, and quality lifesaving WASH services appropriate and relevant to their immediate needs	# of women, girls, men, and boys reached with WASH services Target: 98,322 (56,043 Female) (42,279male)	Knowledge, Attitude, and Practices (KAP) surveys, Post-distribution Monitoring (PDM) Surveys, Attendance sheets, Distribution lists.	 Engage with local authorities and technical service, to ensure regular consultations and follow-up. Restore the construction work area in the best possible condition after the construction activities are completed. After construction the removed soil should be used as backfill to restore the area.
Results (OUTPUTS)	Output 2.1: Women, men, girls and boys have access to an inclusive, sufficient, safe, and quality water supply for personal and domestic use.	1.1.1 # of women, girls, men, and boys in emergency who have access to safe, sufficient and quality water for personal and domestic use covering their immediate and basic needs. Target: 29,496 (16,812 female, 12,684 male). 1.1.2: Proportion of women, men, girls and boys expressing satisfaction with the access and	KAP surveys KAP surveys Endline survey	Risk: Conflict and political instability may escalate, making the operation difficult. Assumption: Access will continue to be allowed to the target areas, the good working relationship with the government and humanitarian actors will continue to enable better response and coordination. It is also assumed that prices of industrial

	quality of the water provided Target – 70%		construction materials will remain at reasonable rates, if not stable.
Output 2.2: Women, men, girls and boys' access and use inclusive, safe, and gendersensitive sanitation facilities	1.2.1: # of women, girls, men, and boys using improved safe, user-friendly and gender appropriate latrines facilities/or services - Target: 24,580 (14,748 female 9,832 male).	KAP surveys and Endline survey	Risk: Conflict and political instability may escalate, making the operation difficult. Assumption: Access will continue to be allowed to the target areas, the good working relationship with the government and humanitarian actors will continue
	1.2.2 Handwashing facilities are provided at 100% latrines and a system is in place to replenish them.	Survey and Reports from latrine attendants	to enable better response and coordination. It is also assumed that prices of industrial construction materials will remain at reasonable rates, if not stable.
	1.2.3: # of women, girls, men, and boys reached through Waste management awareness/ promotion activities Target: 98,322 (56,043 Female) (42,279male)	KAP Survey Endline survey	·
	1.2.4: % of HHs targeted by the WASH promotion activity that are properly disposing off the solid waste. Target: 80%		

Output 2.3: 98,322 of men, women and children are enabled to practice safer hygiene in a dignified and culturally appropriate manner.	1.3.1 # of women, girls, men, and boys reached through hygiene promotion activities Target: 98,322 (56,043 Female) (42,279male) 1.3.2 80% of targeted women, girls, men and boys who report that they wash hands with soap at least at 3 critical times. 1.3.4 60% household reports the presence of soap on random weekly visits.	KAP surveys, PDM survey, attendance records (campaigns, household visits, etc.) KAP surveys Observation Handwashing demonstrations with children. Focus group discussions, surveys, and interviews; weekly random transect walks.	Risk: Conflict and political instability may escalate, making the operation difficult. Assumption: Access will continue to be allowed to the target areas, the good working relationship with the government and humanitarian actors will continue to enable better response and coordination. It is also assumed that prices of industrial construction materials will remain at reasonable rates, if not stable.
Outcome 3: Women, girls, men and boys vulnerable to gender- based violence have increased access to quality, multi-sectoral, lifesaving GBV support services in targeted communities.	# of women and girls assessing and receiving protection and response services. Target: 15,680 individuals (Women 6,272, Men 3,136, Girls 4704, and Boys 1,568).	Distribution list, attendance list, community meeting report, client feedback survey, FGD report, monthly feedback meeting.	Access hindered due to stigma and cultural barriers to survivors accessing servicesMaintaining confidentiality of survivors while encouraging community involvement and reducing social isolation.
Output 3.1: Survivors safely access survivor-centred mental health and psychosocial support focus on healing, empowerment and recovery.	2.1.1. # of women, girls, men, and boys using MHPSS (Mental health and psychosocial) services. Target: 12,544 (6,145 women, 4,641 girls, 1,758 boys) 2.1.2. % of survivors who completed feedback survey (service satisfaction feedback) who are satisfied with case	2.1.1. Attendance lists, Activity/monthly reports, 2.1.2. Service satisfaction feedback forms. Monthly data report.	Stigma and lack of knowledge about mental health symptoms might hinder survivors to seek out services. - Fear of being exposed as a SGBV survivor might hinder participation in the offered services

	management provided. Target: 80% (65% Female), (15%Male) 2.1.3. # of women and girls using Women and Girl's Safe Spaces (WGSS) to meet their recreation and psychosocial sessions. Target: 10,976 Female 2.1.4. # of women, girls and boys engaged in life skills/ recreation activities. Target: 6,664 (3,528 women, 2,352 girls, 784 boys). 2.1.5 # of GBV survivors supported with dignity kits. Target: 1,800 females.	 2.1.3. Attendance list, WGSS monitoring report, WGSS activity report, WGSS activity photos. 2.1.4. Attendance list, activity report, activity photos 2.1.5. Distribution lists, PDM, distribution report. 	
Output 3.2: SGBV programming addresses harmful social norms and systemic gender inequality and informs the community about available services.	2.2.1. # of GBV program staff including volunteers and community workers trained on GBV guiding principles and GBV basic concepts. Target: 100 (60 Female, 40 Male) 2.2.2. # of women, girls, men and boys reached with GBV awareness. Target: 15,680 individuals (Women 6,272, Men 3,136, Girls 4704 and Boys 1,568).	Attendance sheets and training report List of participants and training reports.	Risk connected to the recruitment of participants accessing the trainings connected to inclusion and representativity, making sure that certain groups are not excluded - Risk of provoking community leaders if not properly culturally respectful

Activities Outcome 1 - Multi-Purpose Cash Assistance (INPUTS) Consultation with CWG and other stakeholders on approach and market feasibility MoU with Service Provider Registration and verification of beneficiaries conducted Cash Distribution as per the MoU/Agreement signed with Service provider Post Distribution Monitoring Report Established Outcome 2 - A2 WATER SUPPLY, SANITATION, and HYGIENE Rehabilitation of water points Expansion of water system Emergency water trucking Formation and training of water committees Provision of water treatment tablets (Chlorination) Construction/rehabilitation of latrines/ Hand washing facilities. Dislodging latrines Installation of solar streetlights Waste management (cleaning tools, hire of truck/collection and awareness sessions) Support to vector control campaigns (spraying) Distribution of Hygiene kits and Hygiene promotion sessions Distribution of Soaps Home-to-home visits, OUTCOME 3 GBV. **OUTPUT 3.1 Activities:** Conduct PSS and recreational sessions. Conduct counselling for survivors Referrals to other services Provision of GBV case management Distribution of dignity kits Provision of life skills activities and start-up kits. Community centre dialogue and wellbeing sessions (coffee morning sessions, MHM discussions) WGSS operationalisation and engagement. Sports and community Based PSS sessions.

- Conduct quarterly safety audits.
- Cash for protection

OUTPUT 3.2 Activities:

- Staff training on GBV core Concept, guiding principles, referral pathway, PSEA.
- Case management training (10)
- Conduct targeted GBV sessions including FGD
- Community awareness raising.
- International events celebration (World refugee day, 16 days of activism)
- Training of CBPN on GBV core concepts and referral pathways.